We claim:

1. A process for the meso-selective preparation of ansa-metallocene complexes of the formula (I),

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$$R^{1}$$
 $A$ 
 $M^{1}(OR^{3})X_{x-1}$  (I)

 $R^{1}$ 

15

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which comprises reacting a ligand starting compound of the formula (II)

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{2} \\
\hline
R^{1} & \hline
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
T' & \hline
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{2'}
\end{array}$$
(II)

25

with a transition metal compound of the formula (III)

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$$(LB)_y M^1 (OR^3) X_{x+1}$$
 (III)

where

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R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>1</sup> are identical or different and are each hydrogen or an organic radical having from 1 to 40 carbon atoms,

R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> are identical or different and are each hydrogen or an organic radical having from 1 to 40 carbon atoms,

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5		R <sup>3</sup>	is a bulky organic radical which has at least 3 carbon atoms, is bound to the oxygen atom via a nonaromatic carbon or silicon atom and may be substituted by halogen atoms or further organic radicals having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms and may also contain heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of Si, N, P, O and S,					
. 10		<b>T,</b> T'	are identical or different and are each a divalent organic group which has from 1 to 40 carbon atoms and together with the cyclopentadienyl ring forms at least one further saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted ring system having a ring size of from 5 to 12 atoms, where T and T' may contain the heteroatoms Si,					
	٠.		Ge, N, P, As, Sb, O, S, Se or Te within the ring system fused to the cyclopentadienyl ring,					
15	: E	A .	is a bridge consisting of a divalent atom or a divalent group,					
		M <sup>1</sup>	is an element of group 3, 4, 5 or 6 of the Periodic Table of the Elements or the lanthanides,					
20		the rac	dicals X are identical or different and are each an organic or inorganic radical which is able to be replaced by a cyclopentadienyl anion,					
		<b>x</b>	is a natural number from 1 to 4,					
25		M <sup>2</sup>	is an alkali metal, an alkaline earth metal or a magnesium monohalide fragment,					
		<b>p</b>	is 1 in the case of doubly positively charged metal ions or 2 in the case of singly positively charged metal ions or metal ion fragments,					
30		LB	is an uncharged Lewis base ligand,					
		and	·					
		у .	is a natural number from 0 to 6.					
35	2.	A proc	A process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the metallocene complex of the formula (I) is					

converted into an ansa-metallocene complex of the formula (IV)

. 5

$$R^{1}$$
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 

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where

the variables and indices have the same meanings as in the formula (I), by reaction with suitable elimination reagents in a subsequent reaction step.

15 3. A process as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>1</sup> are identical or different and are each C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkyl,

R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> are each hydrogen,

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T, T' are identical or different and are each an unsubstituted 1,3-butadiene-1,4-diyl group or a 1,3-butadiene-1,4-diyl group substituted by from 1 to 4 radicals  $R^4$ , where  $R^4$  can be identical or different and are organic radicals having from 1 to 40 carbon atoms,

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A is ethylene, substituted ethylene or substituted silylene,

and the variables  $R^3$ ,  $M^1$ , X,  $M^2$  and LB and also the indices x, p and y are as defined in claim 1.

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4.	A process as	claimed in	any of	claims 1	to 3,	wherein
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R<sup>3</sup> A is an alkyl radical which is branched in the α position and has from 4 to 40 carbon atoms and may be substituted by halogen atoms or organic radicals having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms,

M<sup>1</sup> is Ti, Zr or Hf,

X is halogen,

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x is 2,

LB is a cyclic or acyclic ether or diether,

15 and

y is 1 or 2.

5. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, wherein

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M<sup>2</sup> is Li, Na, K, MgCl, MgBr, Mgl or Mg.

6. The use of a transition metal compound of the formula (III)

 $(LB)_y M^1 (OR^3) X_{x+1}$  (III)

for preparing ansa-metallocene complexes.

7. A transition metal compound of the formula (III)

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 $(LB)_y M^1 (OR^3) X_{x+1}$  (III)

where the variables and indices are as defined in claim 1 or claim 4.

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8. The use of a metallocene complex of the formula (I) as set forth in claim 1

5  $R^{1}$  A  $M^{1}(OR^{3})X_{x-1}$  (I)

as intermediate for preparing ansa-metallocene complexes of the formula (IV), where the variables and indices are as defined in any of claims 1, 3 and 4.

9. An ansa-metallocene complex of the formula (I) as set forth in claim 1

20  $R^{1}$  A  $M^{1}(OR^{3})X_{x-1}$  (I)  $R^{2}$ 

where the variables and indices are as defined in any of claims 1, 2 and 4.

10. The use of an ansa-metallocene complex of the formula (I) prepared by a process as claimed in claim 1 as constituent of a catalyst system for the polymerization of olefins.